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No. 16,892.

號五月十一年七十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1917

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Colony, should apply in person at the
General Police Station between the hours
of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M.
daily.
Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
remain in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to Register them-
selves under the REGISTRATION OF
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Registration giving the particulars
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

WEEK DAYS

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1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
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5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS

8.00 p.m. and 9 p.m.	9.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every half hour.
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8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.	Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.00 noon	Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
5.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
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8.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAY.
Extra Car at 11 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING,
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Season and punch tickets available for
all cars not already full running at the
time stated in the Company's time tables,
but not for special cars, can be obtained
on application at the Company's Office.
No Season ticket will be issued until
payment therefor has been made in Bank
Notes or by Cheque or Comptroller order
representing Bank Notes.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS' SON,
General Manager.

THE FIRST CHINESE NEWSPAPER EVER ISSUED UNDER PURELY NATIVE DIRECTION.

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THE LARGEST CHINESE POLITICAL AND
COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

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CONTAINS THE MOST RELIABLE
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\$12.00 to all other ports.

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Steel Building Work of every Description.
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.
Prompt Attention and Shipment to Destination.
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STRANDS 1" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE
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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.
Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
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Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

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by partial fermentation; without this no Stone Ginger-Beer
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Estimates furnished on application.
WONG PING WA, Manager.
Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

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BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES
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— THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY —
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A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AND TOURIST HOTEL.
Telephone in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies
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Terms: From \$5 per day inc.
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TO THOSE GOING AWAY

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"THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"
All the News of Hongkong and the Far East.
ORDER BEFORE YOU LEAVE, SO THAT YOU MAY RECEIVE
IT WHILE AWAY.
PRICE \$12 PER ANNUM, INCLUDING POSTAGE.
CAN BE MAILED TO ANY ADDRESS FROM THE
"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

THE WAR. LATEST TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE.

THE CHANGED PETROGRAD.
PRO-WAR AND PRO-ALLY
DEMONSTRATIONS.
LONDON, July 4.
London and Paris have been en-
heartened by the news from Russia
that Petrograd is ablaze with enthu-
siasm, at the resumption of the
Russian offensive, its already
brilliant successes and the promise of
greater successes to follow. Pro-
war and pro-ally demonstrations are
now being held in Petrograd for the
first time since the revolution. Sir
George Buchanan and Mr. Hend-
erson had to appear on the balcony of
the British Embassy to reply to the
cheering crowds of demonstrators.
It is recognised in London and
Paris that the battle now begun will
probably take several weeks to reach
conclusion, but the first staggering
blow, on a twenty-mile front, has
been dealt at General Brusiloff's
old antagonist, General Bothner.
The General commanding the
Russian forces is General Gontor, a
young officer who recently succeeded
General Gurko.

There are indications that the battle
is spreading to the north.
A German communique already an-
nounces that there is increased fighting
activity between the Baltic and Pripiet
while from Petrograd comes the news
that the Russian advance guard has re-
crossed the Stokhod in the direction of
Kovel, after a mine explosion and then a
surprise attack which captured the
Austrian trenches.

The Germans were alarmed to find
the Russians well equipped. Their
defences in the hilly wooded Brzezany
area included special redoubts which
required a long artillery hammering
before an attack was possible.
It is noteworthy that the Rus-
sian communique mentions as "gal-
lant attackers," a Finnish Divi-
sion and a Brigade of Czechs and
Slovaks. The latter are believed to
have been formerly in the Austrian
service. M. Kerensky the Minister of
War, has ordered them to be decorated
with red cockades and to be specially
styled "The First of July Regiment."
The offensive has already affected the
Austrian pressure on the Italian Front,
and its extension northwards is found
to relieve the British and French
Fronts.

HINDENBURG'S LAST HOPE.

**HIS RELIANCE ON
SUBMARINES.**
AMSTERDAM, July 4.
It is announced in Berlin that
Marshal von Hindenburg and
General Ludendorff have arrived at
the Austrian Headquarters and were
received in audience by the Austrian
Emperor.

Simultaneously, the Austrian and
German papers publish a statement
inspired by Marshal von Hindenburg,
and obviously designed for Austrian
consumption, in which he says:
"Victory is ours if we hold out till
the submarines have done their
work. They will soon force our
enemies to make peace. The latter
know this; hence they continue their
hopeless attacks." The statement
concludes by saying: "Our alliance
with Austria is unshakable."

SERBIA AND GREECE.

**AN EXCHANGE OF
TELEGRAMS.**
ATHENS, July 4.
Telegrams have been exchanged
between M. Pashitch, Premier of
Serbia, and M. Venizelos. The lat-
ter says the Greek nation is now
free. He considers its first duty will
be faithfully to execute the obliga-
tions of the alliance with Serbia.

ANOTHER AIR RAID.

OVER THE ESSEX COAST.
LONDON, July 4.
The Press Bureau announces that
enemy aeroplanes appeared over the
Essex coast at seven o'clock this
morning.
The anti-aircraft guns came into
action.
Some bombs were dropped but
details have not yet been received.
LATER.
The Press Bureau announces that
from twelve to fourteen aeroplanes
attacked Harwich from the north-
west, this morning. The latest re-
ports state that eight people were
killed and 22 injured. There was
slight material damage.
The anti-aircraft guns broke up the
enemy's formation, but the low lying
clouds rendered visibility bad. Our
aeroplanes engaged the raiders who
turned towards the sea without
attempting to penetrate inland.
The raid lasted only a few minutes.

FURTHER RAIDS ON BRUGES DOCKS.

LONDON, July 4.
The Admiralty announces that on
the night of July 2-3 we carried
out raids on Bruges docks and the
ammunition depots at Lichtervelde.
Several tons of bombs were
dropped with good results.
All our machines returned.

THE BRITISH FRONT.

LONDON, July 4.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig
reports:—
There was considerable reciprocal
artillery activity in the region of
Ypres and an enemy raid to the
south-east of Laventie.
Aerial activity has markedly in-
creased. Our aeroplanes participated
in successful artillery work and
bombing raids. Four German aero-
planes were brought down, and two
were driven down. One of our
machines is missing.

LONDON, July 4.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig
reports:—
There has been considerable reci-
procal artillery activity at numerous
points.

THE FRENCH FRONT.

LONDON, July 4.
A French communique reports:—
There was considerable artillery
activity to the north of St. Quentin
and on the left of the Meuse, and
also towards Hill 804 and in Cham-
pagne, in the Montmiller and
Moutteton sectors.

NORWEGIAN SHIPPING LOSSES IN JUNE.

LONDON, July 4.
Reuter is informed that the Nor-
wegian shipping losses, from German
submarines and mines, during June
were 48, totalling 60,000 tons.
Twenty-six lives were lost.

SWEDISH TRAWLERS SUNK.

COPENHAGEN, July 4.
Several Swedish trawlers have
been sunk by German submarines.

DESTROYER SUNK IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

PARIS, July 4.
A torpedo-boat destroyer, which
was carrying a merchant ship on June
22, sank in the Mediterranean.
Twenty-nine people are missing.
(Continued on Page 4.)

INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

THE THIRD GYMKHANA MEETING of the SEASON will be held at HARRY VALENTINE on SATURDAY, the 7th instant, commencing at 3.45 p.m. The Charge of Admission will be \$1.00 for others than Members of the Hongkong Jockey Club or Gymkhana Club. Soldiers and Sailors in uniform Free. The Committee invite the Ladies of Hongkong to be present.

Hongkong, July 4, 1917. 1918

NOTICE.

CLOSING UP SALE.

TREMENDOUS Reductions: prices less than cost, no reasonable offer refused.

M. GAINS,
Alexandra Buildings,
Hongkong, July 4, 1917. 1917

NOTICE.

MR. E. M. RAYMOND has this day been admitted a PARTNER in our Firm.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS,
Princes Buildings,
Hongkong, July 2, 1917. 1921

DISTRICT GRAND LODGE OF HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA. E.C.

NOTICE.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING of the DISTRICT GRAND LODGE of HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA, held at the MASONIC HALL, 23rd Street, on SATURDAY, 23rd inst., in celebration of the Two Hundredth Anniversary of the first Assembly of the Grand Lodge of England, which was commemorated on that day throughout the Empire, a collection was made in aid of the HONGKONG WAR CHARITIES FUND.

Freemasons not present at the Meeting who wish to subscribe may, until 7th July, send donations to W. J. TRENKLE, Esq., who will be glad to receive contributions however small.

By Command of the D.D.G.M.
Hongkong, June 27, 1917. 1915

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HIRE.
CASH OR
CREDIT.
TUNING & REPAIRING—
A SPECIALITY.

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SILIMPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.

Steamers calling at SEBASTIAN or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either size or Bankers) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.

At Sebastien Steamers are berthed alongside the Company's wharf where there is a minimum depth of 37 to 28 feet at low water Spring Tides.

Charts of Sibuan Bay (Sebastien Harbour), Prices and all other information concerning the Port can be had on application to the Agents.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.,
Agents, Cowie Harbour Coal Company, Limited.

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EXPORT MERCHANTS with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply.

STEAMSHIP LINES arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate sailings.

PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

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Embassy

No. 77

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CIGARETTES

CONVENIENT FOR THE POCKET

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25

"Embassy"

No. 77

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS ISSUED BY THE
BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., LTD.

ROCKEFELLER WORK IN CHINA.

FOUNDATION TO BUILD \$1,000,000 HOSPITALS IN PEKING AND SHANGHAI.

New York, May 30.

Carrying out the project conceived eight years ago of giving China an effective medical, surgical and sanitary system, the Rockefeller Foundation will start soon the construction of two large hospitals, one in Peking and the other in Shanghai, for the work of the China Medical Board, a subsidiary of the Foundation. In addition, the Foundation will enlarge the Union Medical College of Peking, which it has taken over from the missionary agencies which founded it. It is understood that the hospitals will cost at least \$1,000,000 each. It is probable that they will not be named until the war is over.

Within a few weeks B. Frank Bennett, a Baltimore contractor, will start for China to build the hospitals, the first of which will be constructed in Peking. It is to be modelled after the John Hopkins Hospital of Baltimore, and the plans were drawn after suggestions by Dr. Winford H. Smith, Superintendent of John Hopkins. A Chicago firm of architects drew the plans.

The construction of the hospital is the outcome of investigations during the last five years by two commissions for the Rockefeller Foundation. The first, which visited China in 1914, was headed by Dr. Harry Pratt Judson of the University of Chicago. The second commission went to China in 1915 and again in 1916. The plan to give China a much-needed medical reform took definite shape at a meeting of the China Medical Board in New York last year following the return from Europe of the commission composed of Dr. Wallace Buttrick, Director of the China Medical Board; Dr. Simon Flexner, head of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research; and Dr. William H. Welch, the noted pathologist of John Hopkins University.

to co-operate with missionaries.

It was announced at that time that the plan of the board contemplated the erection of two hospitals in China at a cost of more than \$1,500,000, the annual upkeep charge of which would be something like \$300,000. The plan also called for the cooperation of the China Medical Board with the missionary agencies, which have a number of smaller hospitals and medical schools in China.

AMERICAN DOCTORS FOR THE FRONT.

HELP IN THE NEW SURGERY OF WAR.

The news that 1000 American surgeons are to be sent to Europe affords a further illustration of the foresight of our own Army medical authorities. The policy with which the name of Sir Alfred Keogh is identified in the public mind is the policy of looking ahead and being prepared. Some months ago it was reported that the War Office were inviting American doctors to come to this country and give their help. A foolish and short-sighted campaign against the step was organized in the supposed interests of British doctors. Events, however, have amply justified the War Office point of view.

It is appropriate at this moment to recall the many and notable services rendered by American doctors and American friends to the wounded of France and Britain. At the very beginning of the war, in the days of the Battle of the Marne, Americans in Paris opened one of the most perfect hospitals which this age of hospitals has known—the Lycee Pasteur. In Paris, those who were privileged to inspect this "gift to humanity," as it was called, will not readily forget the impression produced on them. The Lycee Pasteur, of which the courtyard was a famous artist and the humblest members of the staff people with names familiar to two continents, was a new departure in military hospitals. It was one of the earliest expressions of the specialist idea which Sir Alfred Keogh has developed so energetically. It had its "repairing shops" as well as its operating theatres; its dental work was a decade ahead of that to be seen anywhere else at the same time; it was infused with the new spirit of progress in everything relating to the new surgery of war.

This great initial step was followed by many others of a like nature. America lost no time in organizing a body of doctors and surgeons to come to Europe and give personal help. The work of the Harvard Unit speaks for itself to-day. That unit has recruited some of the ablest scientific men in the United States, and has proved a constant source of strength and help. In addition, individual American doctors have been at work in British hospitals now during the last two years. Little has been heard of their self-sacrifice, but their work has not been the less acceptable on that account—"Times."

The teachers at the Rockefeller hospitals will also have to overcome the traditional horrors of the Chinese for dissection of the human body. The Chinese practitioner makes little pretence of knowing anything about surgery, except his acquaintance with the spots where he can use his needle. There are, of course, some Western physicians practising in the ports of China, but they reach a relatively small part of the vast population. Inoculation for small pox, however, is one of the things observed in China for many years. Quinine is also freely used by the native practitioners.

Dr. Buttrick was for years active in missionary work.

LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Price 1/6 2/6 3/6 4/6 5/6 6/6 7/6 8/6 9/6 10/6 11/6 12/6 13/6 14/6 15/6 16/6 17/6 18/6 19/6 20/6 21/6 22/6 23/6 24/6 25/6 26/6 27/6 28/6 29/6 30/6 31/6 32/6 33/6 34/6 35/6 36/6 37/6 38/6 39/6 40/6 41/6 42/6 43/6 44/6 45/6 46/6 47/6 48/6 49/6 50/6 51/6 52/6 53/6 54/6 55/6 56/6 57/6 58/6 59/6 60/6 61/6 62/6 63/6 64/6 65/6 66/6 67/6 68/6 69/6 70/6 71/6 72/6 73/6 74/6 75/6 76/6 77/6 78/6 79/6 80/6 81/6 82/6 83/6 84/6 85/6 86/6 87/6 88/6 89/6 90/6 91/6 92/6 93/6 94/6 95/6 96/6 97/6 98/6 99/6 100/6 101/6 102/6 103/6 104/6 105/6 106/6 107/6 108/6 109/6 110/6 111/6 112/6 113/6 114/6 115/6 116/6 117/6 118/6 119/6 120/6 121/6 122/6 123/6 124/6 125/6 126/6 127/6 128/6 129/6 130/6 131/6 132/6 133/6 134/6 135/6 136/6 137/6 138/6 139/6 140/6 141/6 142/6 143/6 144/6 145/6 146/6 147/6 148/6 149/6 150/6 151/6 152/6 153/6 154/6 155/6 156/6 157/6 158/6 159/6 160/6 161/6 162/6 163/6 164/6 165/6 166/6 167/6 168/6 169/6 170/6 171/6 172/6 173/6 174/6 175/6 176/6 177/6 178/6 179/6 180/6 181/6 182/6 183/6 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Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
Brokers and Commission
Agents.

PROPRIETORS

"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Codes used

Bentley's
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A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"HUGHES & HOUGH" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

FRIDAY,

the 6th July, 1917.

at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street.

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE,

(Relieved to Sale Rooms for Convenience

of Sale.

Consisting of:—

Wardrobes, Washstands, Bureaus,

Dining Table and Chairs, etc., etc., &c.

Also

Gramophone and Records.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 3, 1917. 1923

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

the 10th July, 1917, commencing

at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street.

VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND

BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, PICTURES,

etc., etc.,

As follows:—

Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and

Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furniture

comprising Double and Single Bras-

steads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggon,

Extension Dining Tables and Chairs,

Tea and Occasional Tables, etc.,

Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware,

Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, etc.,

Bath Room Utensils, Roll-top Desks and

Writing Tables, Sundry Electro Plated

Ware, etc.

2 Pianos in good condition, Electric

Refrigerators, Blackwood and Teak-

wood Screens, Sundry Blackwood

Furniture, including Large Overmantel,

One Large Telescope by Wm. London,

Engravings, Pictures, etc., etc.

Also

Tennis Poles and Netting, Porcelain

Cigar Cabinet, Enamelled Bath, Brass

Winger Bowls, Carpets (New and second

hand), Child's Cot, Perambulators,

etc., etc.

A few lots of Turkish Bath Sheets,

Single and Double Bed Sheets,

Bed Quilts, etc., etc.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 4, 1917. 1931

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

THURSDAY,

the 15th July, 1917, at 10.30 a.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street.

A COLLECTION OF

Turkish Bath Gowns, Large Turkish

Bath Sheets, Bath Towels, Face Towels,

Linens, Damask Table Cloths, and

Serviettes, Singing and Double Bed Sheets,

Blankets, White Satin Quilts, Glass

Cloth, Perfumery, Eau de Cologne Soap,

Dress Material, Rain Coats, Linen,

Brown Holland, etc., etc.

Also

A VALUABLE ASSORTMENT OF

Large and small Brass Vases, Jar-

diniere, Finger Bowls, Flower Vases,

Kutani Vases, Wall Plates, Porcelain

Vases, etc., etc., etc.

And

A few lots of Enamelled Kitchen

Utensils.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 5, 1917. 1929

GET THIS DIET BOOK.

Food is as important to the sick person as medicine, more so in most cases. A badly chosen diet may retard recovery. In health the natural appetite is the best guide to follow: in sickness the appetite is often sickle and depraved. Proper food and a good tonic will keep most people in good health. Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people are the most popular tonic medicine in the world, harmless, non-alcoholic, and certain in their action, which is to build up the blood and to restore vitality to the run-down system. For growing girls who become thin and pale, for pale, tired women, for old people who fall in strength, Dr. Williams' pink pills are an ideal tonic.

To enable those who give these pills a trial to observe intelligent care in the diet, the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. will send on request free a diet book, "What to Eat and How to Eat." It is full of useful information, and whether you are well or ill, it is a good book to have. Send for a copy addressing a post card to 98 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. You will be well to begin Dr. Williams' pink pills to-day; any dealer can supply you, also obtainable one bottle for \$1.50, 6 bottles \$8.00, from above address.

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the Liquidators of Messrs. JAMES & CO. in pursuance of an order of the Hongkong Government to sell by Public Auction at 12 o'clock (Noon) on

TUESDAY,

the 31st day of July, 1917,

at his Sales Rooms,

DUDELL STREET.

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD

PROPERTY situate at The Peak,

Hongkong, and being Rural Building

Lot No. 19.

The property consists of:—

The piece or parcel of ground and

premises known as "Lysbott," 104 The

Peak, situate near Mount Gough in the

Colony of Hongkong with an area of

14,038 square feet and registered in the

Land Office as Rural Building Lot No. 19.

The lot is held for the unexpired

residue of a term of 75 years, created

therein by an indenture of Crown Lease

dated the 23rd day of April 1896.

The Annual Crown Rent is \$85.00.

For further particulars and conditions

of sale apply to Messrs. Wilkinson &

Grist, Solicitors for the Liquidators, or

to the undersigned.

GEO. P. LAMBERT,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, April 30, 1917. 1748

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

FRIDAY,

the 6th July, 1917,

at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street.

A Number of Lots of

"ELKINGTON PLATE"

Consisting of:—

Ice Pitchers,

Coffee Pots,

Entree Dishes,

etc., etc., etc.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 4, 1917. 1930

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

CORNEB BEEF

CORNEB PORK.

PUT UP IN KEEN AND BARRELS

FOR

EXPORT OR STEAMSHIP USE.

"CHINA MAIL"

PUBLICATIONS.

OBTAINABLE at the "CHINA MAIL"

Office, 5 Wyndham Street, Hong-

kong.

HISTORY OF UNION CHURCH

(1891-1903)

HONGKONG'S MUSICAL

HISTORY

NOTES ON WILD LIFE IN

HONGKONG AND SOUTH

CHINA. (By Rev. G. A.

Banbury, M.A.)

Part I—Mammals and Birds

Part II—Reptiles, Amphibians and

Fishes

THE MISSIONS STRANGERS

(History of the Eastern

Churches)

CHINESE SCHOOL BOOK

(By J. E. Hall)

SID ROBERT LARSEN'S LAND

WAX MEMORANDUM

WARNING BOOKS (See page)

SCOTTISH LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

May 9.

MR. BALFOUR AS PROPHECY.

There have been few more menacing years for the British people than 1900. It was the year of the Janusson Raid, the Kaiser's telegram to President Kruger, and the efforts of Germany to array the European Powers against us. But these developments were preceded by a yet more alarming incident. At the close of 1896, President Cleveland addressed his famous Message to Congress on the Venezuelan Boundary dispute, and when the New Year opened, it was under the threatening shadow of the possibility of an armed conflict between Great Britain and the United States. When Mr. Balfour came to Glasgow to address a public meeting on January 14 he spoke of our isolation in Europe, and contrasted it with the similar condition which had prevailed a century before when one section at least of the people openly sympathised with the enemies of England. "If," he continued, "which Heaven forbid, the time should come when England should again and herself fighting for very life against the forces arrayed against her, then I prophesy that no such bitter divisions shall be found in our ranks; but that Scotsmen and Englishmen and Irishmen of all parties—whether they inhabit this island or whether they form part of that great colonial Empire which is our boast and pride—will be found to forget the party differences which bulk so largely in times of national repose, and that they will join harmoniously, untried, in one undivided host to meet every danger by which the Empire can be threatened." We have lived to discover that in one quarter an age of concession and conciliation has not obliterated all the evil and smouldering tendencies of preceding centuries. Yet, on the whole, the prophecy has been splendidly realised. The hour of trial came in 1914, and proved the loyalty of the Empire and the unity of Great Britain to be pure gold.

EXTERMINIST VERBOSITY.

Some of the Scottish members are gaining an unenviable notoriety in the House of Commons for verbosity. The record for Friday of Mr. Pringle, the member for North-West Lanark, is worth setting out in all its details. He appeared twice during questions, made 12 speeches on the Bileting of Civilian Bill, and had 8 other recorded interruptions. His voice was therefore raised on 23 occasions in a sitting of five hours. Mr. Hogge, the loquacious member for East Edinburgh, had better look after his laurels, for his "mentions" in Friday's official report of the debate number only 12. Mr. Gladstone used to think well of the House of Commons as a school of discipline; but Mr. Disraeli had a livelier sense of its weaknesses when he spoke of "the headless rhetoric which is the appanage of all who sit below the gangway." In that quarter of the House, Mr. Pringle and Mr. Hogge are always claimants for their rights as the "younger sons" of politics.

THE RETURN OF SPRING.

Mosses fabulæque Mares.—Hor. I. iv.

The thaw has come! The skies are clear,

The gawk's been heard—the spring is here.

The sweetest time of a year!

"The birds are chanting"

An' fragrant buds are on the brier,

An' green leaves clead the plankin'.

O'er the clean land the plooman flings

The rattlin' seed; the shepherd sings

Beside his flock among the springs.

Me the adviser,

They wadna change their lot wi' kings,

Wi' Chancellor or Kaiser.

True mornin' ear till late at night

Livin' is just one long delight;

There's work, of course, to keep them

right.

But 'till the gloamin'

There's social glee an' converse bright,

An' lads wi' lasses roamin'.

Death strikes athwart the joyous scene,

Transmute what is to what has been;

And with the same unchanging men—

Rigidly callous.

Darkens the cottage on the green

An' desolates the palace.

J. LOUIE ROBERTSON.

HOLDERS' SONGS.

In a clever if somewhat academic

war novel, one of the characters, who

boasts the strains of "Tipperary"

sung by a company of recruits outside

his window, is made to moralise thus:

"Jillibullero drove my King out of

Ireland, and the Marsellaise drove

the Church out of France; democracy

in the ascendancy has a taste for songs,

and I don't like democracy to be in

the ascendancy." But at the present

time has our soldier democracy shown

this "taste for songs"? If it has,

its taste has not risen very high.

Neither Tommy nor Jock will have

anything to do with a jolly pitched

tune or words. Anything full of soul

or flamboyantly patriotic is his abhor-

rence. He prefers something from

the music hall or the revue, some-

thing with "go" to it. And if the

chorus is catchy, be the words what

they may, he sings it till he is sick,

and then sings it aside for the next

novelty. "Soldiers of the King"

was a civilian song taken up at a

martial period. But it was to the

strains of "A Little Bit Off the Top"

that regiments went into action in

South Africa, at least some of them

did. The present day song, "If you

were the only girl in the world," is

from a successful revue.

The rag-time melody still lingers,

writes a correspondent of the Glasgow

"Bulletin," and the other day he



WATSON'S OLD BROWN BRANDY

E

[QUALITY.]

25 YEARS IN WOOD.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

TELEPHONE NO. 616.

To-day's Advertisements

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DEVONIA—No. 4, Park Road. Six Rooms, Bathroom, with garden and tennis court. HOUSES in Shantien, Canton. Nos. 21 and 63.

Apply to—
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, July 5, 1917.

THE WATERHOUSE STEAMSHIP LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SEATTLE AND JAPAN PORTS.

THE Steamship *Kashima Maru*, having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company, Limited, whence and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 13th July, 1917 at 5 p.m. will be subject to rent. All broken, chafed and damaged packages, are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas on 13th July, 1917, at 10 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by—

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
Agents.
Hongkong, July 5, 1917.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE "NEIDERLAND" and "ROTTERDAM" LLOYD ROYAL MAIL LINES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship "RINDIAU" having arrived from SAN FRANCISCO, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the Wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns and all Goods remaining undelivered after noon, the 13th July, 1917, will be subject to rent. All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 16th July, 1917, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 13th July, 1917, at 10 a.m. by the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

No Insurance whatsoever has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by—

JAYA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE,
Agents.
Hongkong, July 5, 1917.

THE CALENDAR.

MEMOS FOR TO-MORROW.

Princess Victoria's birthday (1893).
10.30 a.m.—Auction of Elkington Plate at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.
10.30 a.m.—Auction of Household Furniture etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

General Memoranda.

SATURDAY, July 7—

3.45 p.m.—Third Gymkhana Meeting.

TUESDAY, July 10—

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture, Curtains, Pictures, Blackwood Ware, etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

THURSDAY, July 12—

Princess John's Birthday (1906).

10.30 a.m.—Auction of Towels, Bath Gowns, Table Cloths and Bras.

Wars etc. etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

SATURDAY, July 14—

Anniversary of the taking of the Bastille (1789).

SUNDAY, July 15—

St. Swithun's Day.

TUESDAY, July 21—

Noon—Auction of "Hyahols" at the Peak, at Mr. Geo. P. Lumley's Sale Rooms.

the kind, and the fact of his seeking refuge in the Japanese Legation may be taken as satisfactory evidence to the contrary. As for General Luk WING TING, whose attitude in this crisis is a matter of very great interest in the provinces of Kwangtung and Kwangsi, how is this statement in the Imperial Edict to be reconciled with the declaration in his telegraphic statement to Peking but a fortnight since? In that document the curious statement is made that the President commands sympathy and appreciation for "his willingness to swallow insult for the sake of greater things and his painful endeavour to bring about an amicable settlement." Standing alone this may be regarded as a somewhat equivocal statement, but towards the end of the telegram General Luk declared: "Should any one dare to raise more objections and continue to make indiscriminate demands, or to shake the foundation of the country by changing the form of Government, I, being a stupid but straightforward man, know only one course of action, and that is to maintain the Republic and protect the Chief Executive." It is this "pillar of the State" who is now said to have memorialised for the return of the Imperial Court, and who has been appointed Viceroy of the two provinces of Kwangtung and Kwangsi. General CHANG HSUN himself in his telegram to the provinces a fortnight ago declared that the only aim of the "military reorganisation" was "to reform politics and consolidate the foundation of the country." "It is as plain as day," he said, "that we have no ulterior motives." And this represents the tone and purport of all the declarations by the Tsuchuns which followed upon the acceptance by the President of the demands made by the Tsuchuns: they apologise for their insubordination and extol the wisdom and magnanimity of the President. Not a word occurs in any of them to suggest that only by a restoration of the monarchy could "joy again fill the land." Until the atmosphere of deceit and mendacity is cleared and the real sentiments of the Tsuchuns, who "are the powers in the land, are revealed, it will be premature to express any opinion on the prospects in China.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The T. T. dollar exchange rate on London this morning was 2/6 1/2. This afternoon it had risen to 2/6 3/8.

We are asked to state that the next meeting of the Church of England Men's Society will be held on Monday next on board the "Oneone," which leaves Statue Pier at 8 p.m.

It has been reported to the Police that armed men last night forced their way into No. 1 Shanghai Street, Yau-mat, The robbers were frightened by house servants and fled, taking with them only \$35 worth of goods.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donation to the Funds of the Hospitals:—
Lo Chop Shan, \$50.

A Chinese shopkeeper residing at No. 2 Broadwood Road has reported to the Police that some person last night entered his house, by climbing over the back verandah, and stole money, jewellery and clothing to the total sum of \$111.50, and also a cheque for \$2,000.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. Denman Fuller has left for Japan on two months' holiday for the benefit of his health.

To-morrow is the birthday of Princess Victoria, the King's second sister. The Princess was born in 1848 and is three years younger than King George.

It will be seen from the "Orders" of the St. John Ambulance Brigade, that His Majesty the King has been pleased to sanction the appointment of Lady May (Commandant of No. 1 Hongkong Voluntary Aid Detachment) to be a Lady of Grace of the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England.

THE CHINESE CRISIS.

SHANGHAI THE SEAT OF REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT.

DETERMINATION TO FIGHT FOR THE REPUBLIC.

An important meeting of Naval and Military officials was held in Shanghai yesterday. Among those present were Ching Pick Kwong, Minister for the Navy in the late Cabinet, Admiral Shah Ching Ping, Dr. Sun Yat Sen, Tang Shao Ye, Loo Wing Cheong and others.

It was decided that the Government of the Republic should be established in Shanghai, where also the Headquarters of the joint expeditionary armies will be established.

President Li Yuan Hung has been invited to come to Shanghai as President of the Republic.

It is reported that the President has been brought out of the "prohibited city" by a detachment of Japanese soldiers and it is believed that, if he is escorted by Japanese soldiers, the President will be able to leave Peking without molestation by Chang Hsun's troops.

It is also reported that, in consequence of the protests which the restoration has evoked, General Chang Hsun is preparing to remove the Emperor to Jehol.

A Peking telegram states that Leung Tun Yin took up the portfolio of Foreign Minister on Tuesday and called on the Foreign Ministers.

THE MILITARY EXPEDITION.

The Shanghai politicians are negotiating with the nineteen provinces to elect General Fung Kwok Cheong (Vice-President of the Republic) as Generalissimo of the expeditionary armies, with Headquarters at Nanking.

General Fung Kwok Cheong has declared that he will fight to a finish for the maintenance of the Republic.

FIGHTING REPORTED AT HSUICHOW.

Some rather contradictory information has been circulated to-day in an "Express" issued by a Chinese paper. The message is from Tientsin and it states that there is great apprehension at Peking as a revolutionary army of 50,000 is gathering to maintain the Republican system of Government, and General Chang Hsun is reported to be alarmed.

This morning Republican troops are leaving Tientsin by express trains with the intention of besieging the capital.

General Chang Hsun's troops are also alarmed at the gathering storm, and some of them have already come over to the Republican Army and it is expected that a considerable number of those who remain will revolt.

It is also reported that Republican troops have surrounded the city of Hsuehchow, the headquarters of General Chang Hsun, in Anhui, and fought the troops with the result that large numbers of them joined forces with the Republicans.

But the message then goes on to say that the Republican leaders in Tientsin are awaiting reliable information that Hsuehchow has been captured and they will then arrange for an attack on Peking.

WRECK OF A CHINA MERCHANTS' STEAMER.

The China Merchants steamer *Anping* while on a voyage to Tientsin from Chefoo ran aground and sank. The passengers and crew were saved. The steamer *Tung Wah* is being dispatched to save the *Anping*.

TRAVELLING GERMANS.

A passenger to Java by a Dutch steamer recounts that, between Telok Betong and Java, a prow was met which was coasting from one island to the other, trying, thus, to reach Java. In the prow were about ten to a dozen Germans, a couple of whom were masquerading as islanders. The Germans know very well that they may not travel on any steamer. The steamer stopped shortly after leaving Padang, information having been received that there was a German on board. This information turned out to be incorrect.

With the passing of the old Criterion says a Note written in London correspondence, will go many memories cherished by the middle-aged Londoner. The old "Cri" bar, whose unique features are preserved in the topical music hall lyrics sung in the hey-day of its bright career, was probably the best-known rendezvous in the whole of the British Empire. It reflected a phase of London life that has suffered eclipse, a sort of half-way house between the old "Old Collar" and "Divan," and the modern parlour of to-day susceptible of a mingling of the past and the present. It was a place for a quiet warren of the past, a place for a quiet warren of the past, a place for a quiet warren of the past.

EDUCATORS IN SOUTH CHINA.

RECEPTION BY THE CIVIL GOVERNOR OF CANTON.

(From Our Canton Correspondent.)

One of the greatest gatherings of the educators in Canton that has ever been held, assembled at H.E. Chu Hing Lam's Yamen in the afternoon of the 3rd inst. We seldom see so many of the foreign residents assembled at one place. Educators of all kinds, representing all the leading foreign nations, engaged in every kind of educational work were present.

H.E. the Governor told the educators that he had visited their work in Canton; he had seen what they are doing, what their motives are, and he had seen some of the splendid results of their work, and he wanted to meet them in a social way and thank them for their efforts to help his people in their struggles to secure modern education. His Excellency has visited all the leading Mission schools during their recent commencements and has spoken to the student body. He has shown a commendable zeal for his people in their good work at these schools and his interest in their welfare is exceedingly fortunate at this period. Many of the educators have had him to drink tea with them, and his interest in their work and the joy he has manifested at the good work done by the Chinese boys and girls, have been an encouragement not received in the past from men of his standing.

SOME NOTABLE SPECIES.

His Excellency's address to the educators marks an epoch in the history of education in South China. One of the older missionaries, who has been in Canton for about twenty-five years, remarked that she had never seen anything like the attitude shown towards the work of missionary education. His Excellency manifested yesterday in his speech. His address showed a clear insight into the problems of the hour and an earnest desire to see the work of the missionary educator progress rapidly.

His Excellency was followed by H.M. the British Consul-General who with fitting words replied to the grateful speech of the Governor. H.M. Consul-General was statesmanlike in his reply, showing that we are not unmindful of the appreciation of such men as the Civil Governor of this province.

H.M. Consul-General was followed by the U.S. Consul-General. He spoke about the far-reaching work of the missionary educator. All the great leaders of national life and ideals are realizing more and more that the heart must be reached by Divine power as shown in the life and teaching of the world's Saviour before any government can be reformed and established with any degree of permanency.

All the speeches were of a high order and in accord with the purposes of the educators of South China.

THE SOCIAL FEATURE.

The Governor's band was present to furnish music throughout the afternoon. Tea and cakes, cold drinks and sandwiches were served bountifully, songs were sung, and much time spent mixing with each other in a very informal way. The whole affair was a very happy one, and the more remarkable by reason of the fact of present developments in the North.

CAUSES AND CURE FOR DIARRHOEA.

OVEREATING, a change in the temperature, unripe fruit, and impure water are some of the causes of diarrhoea. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cures these bowel disturbances promptly. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

THE MAGISTRACY.

POCKET-PICKING.

An unemployed Chinese coolie was charged before Mr. Dyer Ball this morning with pocket-picking in Des Voeux Road West.

Inspector Brazil said it was alleged that the defendant had yesterday stolen \$65, in bank notes from the person of a Chinese farmer en-route to Singapore, whilst the latter was walking in Des Voeux Road West.

The defendant pleaded not guilty to the charge, but after hearing the case His Worship imposed a sentence of six months' hard labour.

A LARCENY FROM ADMIRALTY GODOWN.

Mr. J. H. Gardiner this morning defended four Chinese coolies who were brought before Mr. Dyer Ball on the charge of stealing a quantity of coal, valued at \$15, from the Admiralty Godown in Kowloon.

The magistrate formally adjourned the case until to-morrow.

A SERIOUS CASE.

A Chinese coolie was charged with doing bodily injury yesterday to a small girl in Yau-mat. Mr. E. J. Grist appeared in his defence.

Sergeant Willis stated that he would call witnesses to give evidence to the effect that the defendant had poured acid over the child's head. The acid went down her back and burned the clothes off her body. The little girl was at present being treated at the Government Civil Hospital. The child was badly burnt and the case against the defendant was a very serious one.

His Worship formally remanded the defendant in Victoria Gaol until next Thursday morning.

IGNORANT OF THE LAW.

A Chinese trader, en route to Canton from Swatow, was brought before Mr. Dyer Ball this morning to answer the charge of exporting Hongkong silver dollars without an export permit from the Superintendent of Imports and Exports.

The defendant pleaded his ignorance of the law of the Colony, and His Worship imposed a fine of \$25, and ordered the defendant to change the silver dollars into bank notes.

A SOLICITOR'S COMPLAINT.

A Chinese was this morning brought before Mr. Dyer Ball on the charge of committing a nuisance outside Mr. M. J. D. Stephens' office, in Queen's Road Central.

Inspector Brazil informed the magistrate that whilst Mr. Stephens had had the defendant charged, he would not appear in Court. Mr. Stephens, however, had explained that upon leaving his office yesterday he slipped, and nearly fell on the foot of the defendant had been spilling over the side walk.

In answer to the charge the defendant said that he was only one of a number of other Chinese who "took their rice" in front of Mr. Stephens' office.

Inspector Brazil stated that Mr. Stephens had complained that every day a number of Chinese "took their chow" in front of his office, and these men were a source of continual annoyance.

"Mr. Stephens seemed very much put out that these people are permitted to exist at all," added the Inspector.

His Worship imposed a fine of \$1.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.

An Indian watchman employed at the Kowloon Docks was brought before Mr. Dyer Ball this morning on the charges of being drunk and disorderly and breaking four panes of glass in a public latrine in Cook Street, Hung Hom.

In answer to the two charges the defendant said that he was so drunk yesterday that he could not say what he had done.

His Worship imposed a fine of \$2 on the first charge and \$3 on the second charge.

THEFT FROM GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

In Mr. Dyer Ball's Court this morning "Jacob," the chauffeur in the employ of His Excellency the Governor, charged a Chinese with stealing a rubber raincoat, valued at \$4.50, and a box containing two pairs of chopsticks from Government House.

"Jacob" stated that about a year ago the defendant was employed at Government House. It had been the defendant's duty to assist the complainant in taking care of His Excellency's motor car. The raincoat was the property of His Excellency the Governor.

Inspector Brazil informed the magistrate that the defendant was arrested by an Indian police constable

whilst leaving Government House with the stolen articles in his possession. Upon being taken into Police custody the defendant admitted having stolen the raincoat and chopsticks from Government House.

The Magistrate, remarking that the offence was a serious one as the defendant had formerly been employed on the premises from which he had committed the theft, sentenced the defendant to two months' hard labour.

ANOTHER CONVICTION IN LOTTERY PRINTING CASE.

Mr. Schofield's cook, the second defendant in the case in which five Chinese were last week charged with printing and publishing lottery tickets, and also with keeping a common gambling house, was again before Mr. J. R. Wood this morning.

The defendant, who last week was released on bail of \$300 was represented by Mr. Leo D'Almada.

Evidence was given by Mr. J. D. Lloyd to the effect that the defendant was practically in charge of the servants' quarters at No. 4 Stewart Terrace, the Peak. It was in the servants' quarters of the premises that the plant for printing lottery tickets had been discovered by the Police. The witness resided on the premises in question, which are Government Quarters.

After other witnesses had been called, His Worship imposed a fine of \$500 and, in default of payment, sentenced the defendant to four months' hard labour.

OPIUM CONCEALED IN THE CHAIN LOCKER.

Lance Sergeant Shannon, this afternoon, made an application to Mr. Wood for the confiscation of 323 taels of prepared opium, valued at \$3,230, which he and a party of Chinese constables, found in the chain locker of a steamer lying in the harbour.

His Worship adjourned the case until next Saturday.

LARCENY FROM CEMENT WORKS.

Mr. Wood this morning sentenced a Chinese to one month's hard labour and four hours' stocks on the charge of stealing two bars of iron from the Green Island Cement Works at Hok-U.

THEFT OF JACKET.

A Chinese, who pleaded guilty to the theft of a jacket from No. 32, Queen's Road Central, was this morning sentenced to six weeks' hard labour by Mr. Dyer Ball.

A CHAUFFEUR COMMITTED.

The case in which a licensed motor car driver named Ho Po was charged with manslaughter, was resumed before Mr. J. R. Wood yesterday.

After further evidence had been heard the magistrate informed the defendant that the case would be committed for trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court and asked the defendant if he wished to make a statement.

The defendant then said that whilst he was driving motor car No. 28 on the Praya East, at about 8 p.m. on the 21st of last June, he saw a man and three women alight from a tram. Although his motor car was going very slowly he sounded his horn. The four persons, who had alighted from the tram saw the motor car. The man and two of the women drew back. There was a large crowd and they threatened to attack him. He therefore drove on and returned to the garage. He later reported to the No. 2 Police Station.

His Worship fixed the defendant's bail at five hundred dollars, as before.

THE RUBBER MARKET.

The "scare" regarding the restriction of rubber exports was evidently unfounded. The position is that the Controller has reserved space during June in Far Eastern liners for two thousand tons of rubber from the States Settlements and Federated Malay States. There is nothing to prevent these vessels taking more, if they have the space. Further, the reservation applies presumably to British ships only, and it should be possible to make additional shipments by the merchantmen of other countries running in these waters. The effect of the "scare" has been seen in the Singapore rubber market, which may now perhaps recover. —*Malay Mail.*

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

HONGKONG AND CHINA DISTRICT.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to sanction the appointment of Helena Augusta Victoria, Lady May (Commandant of No. 1 Hongkong Voluntary Aid Detachment) to be a Lady of Grace of the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England.

(Ed.) E. RAINE.

Office in Charge of District.

TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

SUBMARINES ATTACK U.S. TRANSPORTS.

PIRATE CRAFT SUNK BY GUNFIRE.

WASHINGTON, July 4.

It is officially announced that German submarines twice attacked in force the transports carrying the members of the First Expedition but they were out-fought by the American destroyers. At least one submarine was destroyed, and the announcement states: "There is reason to believe that the accuracy of our fire sent others to the bottom. No American ship or life was lost."

For purposes of convenience the Expedition was divided into contingents, each including a naval escort designed to keep off raiders. In addition, an ocean rendezvous was arranged with American destroyers operating in European waters, to afford protection in the danger zone.

The first attack took place late at night, on June 22nd. What gives it a peculiarly disturbing significance is that our ships were attacked at a point well on the west side of the rendezvous in a part of the Atlantic presumed to be free from submarines. The darkness prevented counting, but at least a number of submarines gathered for what they deemed a slaughter. Our heavy gunfire scattered the enemy who launched at least five torpedoes.

In a second attack, a few days later, against another contingent, at a point beyond the rendezvous, the destroyers not only held the submarines at a safe distance but their best result in the sinking of at least one, and oil and wreckage covered the sea after a shot had been fired at its periscope.

The destroyers used grenades which were timed to explode at a certain distance under the water.

AMERICAN FLAG FLOWN OVER HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, July 4.

The King has ordered the American flag to be flown over the Houses of Parliament to-day.

AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE DAY IN FRANCE.

PARIS, July 4.

An American battalion has arrived to participate in the Independence Day celebrations.

THE NORTH SEA DANGER ZONE.

DUTCH REPRESENTATIONS.

THE HAGUE, July 4.

An extraordinary Cabinet Council met to consider the extension of the danger zone in the North Sea, which Holland pointed out would make Dutch shipping round the north of England impossible.

The Foreign Minister announced that the British Government was giving its attention to the matter.

THE POTATO RIOTS IN HOLLAND.

AMSTERDAM, July 4.

A section of the soldiers who refused to fire on the potato rioters were marched off by an officer amid the cheers of the crowd.

The market was guarded by troops yesterday and the disturbances were not renewed.

Most of the dock labourers struck as a protest against the method of distributing potatoes and the builders' labourers are striking in sympathy with them.

The Burgomaster has prohibited open-air meetings.

LAXER.

The last potato riots were much more serious. The crowds looted the potatoes from the barges and rail trucks. Street battles occurred with the police. The soldiers came up, but the crowds were defiant and the women bared their breasts and dared the soldiers to shoot. Eventually the soldiers fired, killing one and wounding many. Three policemen were seriously injured.

AMNESTY TO AUSTRIAN POLITICAL PRISONERS.

AMSTERDAM, July 4.

The Emperor Karl of Austria-Hungary has granted an amnesty to political prisoners.

"DISGRACEFUL PROFITS."

MR. BONAR LAW'S INVESTMENTS.

LONDON, July 4.

Mr. Bonar Law, replying to 20th plenary in the House of Commons that the Government is ruining ship owners, said that it was absolutely disgraceful that any class, in war time, should be able to make such profits as he was about to disclose. He had invested £8,110 in fifteen companies, all running tramp steamers, and received £3,623 interest in 1915 and £3,847 in 1916, exclusive of excess profits. One steamer was sold or sunk. He had invested £200 in that ship, and, besides handsome dividends, he received a further £1,000.

LORD HARDINGE'S DEFENCE.

PRESS CRITICISM.

LONDON, July 4.

The *Daily Telegraph* refrains from criticising Lord Hardinge for forestalling the general debate, because no moment could be too soon for insisting on the magnitude of India's contribution to the war. The paper points out that Lord Hardinge was silent on one matter, which general common sense would have set upon as the most deplorably weak and unbusinesslike of all the administrative facilities with which the Commissioners have dealt, namely the practice of governing the Indian Empire, to say nothing of conducting a military effort of unparalleled magnitude, from the top of a hill in the Himalayas. The paper says that a thorough reform of the higher command in the administration of India, which is a proved and pressing necessity, should first include the removal of this strange institution.

The *Morning Post* says that it is a pity Lord Hardinge has not resigned, for he is condemned by an impartial tribunal and his position in these circumstances cannot add strength to the Foreign Office.

THE CONFERENCE REGARDING PRISONERS OF WAR.

MOST BENEFICIAL RESULTS.

THE HAGUE, July 4.

It is reported that the British and German Conference relating to prisoners of war has resulted in agreements most beneficial to both combatant and civilian prisoners. The result of the discussions, which included the question of the extension of the system of internment in neutral countries, punishments and reprisals, had been to remove various misapprehensions.

The Queen of Holland received the Delegates in separate audience on Saturday.

It is officially announced that Holland has offered to receive a maximum of 15,000 prisoners. The Delegates gratefully received the offer.

The Foreign Minister, presiding at the closing meeting, in a speech, dwelt on the conciliatory spirit of the negotiators. He reminded the Delegates that the belligerents could always count on Holland's assistance in bringing them together for similar purposes.

THE NEGRO TROUBLES AT ST. LOUIS.

NEW YORK, July 4.

The total casualties at East St. Louis will probably never be known, as many were incinerated. So far, the bodies of 24 negroes and three whites have been recovered.

The situation appears to be in hand.

COTTON TRADE SATISFIED WITH GOVERNMENT CONTROL.

LONDON, July 4.

The Cotton Trade is very satisfied with the Government control generally, but the opinion is that, as there is plenty of cotton abroad, the Government should make a big effort to provide ships to fetch it so as to keep the 800,000 cotton mills, employing 800,000 workers, going.

BLAZON TYPE NOT NECESSARY.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic. Cholera and other Remedies need no glaring headlines to attract the public eye. The simple statement that all chemists sell it is sufficient, as every family knows its value. It has been used for forty years and is just what its name implies. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE.

LARGE CAPTURES.

LONDON, July 3.

A Russian official message, transmitted by wireless, announces the successful continuance of the offensive in the direction of Zolochov. It records the capture yesterday of 6,300 officers and men, twenty one guns, sixteen machine guns and several mine throwers. Prisoners continue to come in.

FURTHER RUSSIAN PROGRESS.

LONDON, July 3.

A Russian official message, transmitted by wireless, states: "Yesterday after a severe battle, we occupied Presovce, also strongly fortified positions on the heights west and south-west of Zhovov and the fortified village of Koshidun. We penetrated three lines of trenches and the enemy retired across the Little Strypa. We captured positions to the west of Uzeivka. A Zeppelin dropped twelve bombs on Venden."

PROBABLE FALL OF BRZEZANY.

PETROGRAD, July 3.

The enemy are reported to be evacuating Brzezany, which is invested on three sides. Konichy is situated ten miles from Brzezany. Units of four Russian armies are co-operating in the Galician advance, covering a front approximating 20 miles.

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, July 3.

A German official message, transmitted by wireless, says: "Fighting activity has increased in the Riga and Smolensk regions. Strong artillery activity is proceeding in the middle of the Stockhof and the Zlotalipa. Russian attacks on the Kovel-Luck Railway failed heavily."

In East Galicia the battle continues to go forward across the heights on the west bank of the Strypa. The Russian masses have succeeded in extending to the north the gap made in our lines on the previous day. The Russian attacks on Konichy broke down before our new positions.

The enemy has not repeated his attacks against the heights of Brzezany.

A German official message transmitted by wireless reports: "There was lively artillery activity between the Stockhof and Harajowka. New strong Russian attacks at Brzezany failed heavily."

APPEAL TO THE RUSSIAN NAVY.

PETROGRAD, July 3.

The All Russian Workmen and Soldiers Congress appeals to everybody to support the offensive by doing everything to help the Army, and it urges the soldiers in the rear to prepare to reinforce the front-line troops. Meanwhile, the Government appeals to the Navy "in the danger which threatens Russia" to emulate the Army and prove that liberty has not weakened it.

FRENCH DEFEAT GERMAN ATTACKS.

LONDON, July 3.

A French communiqué says: "Yesterday evening, after bombardment, the Germans made a series of violent attacks on the trenches which we had reoccupied on both sides of the Paisy-Ailles Road. A most violent night-long struggle ended in the complete defeat of the enemy. We maintained all our positions. The artillery duel increased in intensity at midnight at Hill 304 in the Avocourt Wood sector. The Germans in the early morning attacked on a front of 500 metres at the south-eastern extremity of the wood, but our fire smashed the assaulting waves, which were unable to reach our lines."

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, July 3.

A German official message, transmitted by wireless, says that two French attacks south-east of Cerny broke down.

RAIDS BY BRITISH.

LONDON, July 3.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: "We successfully carried out a raid to the west of Havrincourt and northward of Nieuport. We drove off an attack to the south of Coquel River."

ANOTHER BOMB PLOT IN SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, July 3.

The authorities are investigating another bomb plot and in this connection have arrested a Swedish officer and his alleged accomplices. The Government denies M. Banting's allegation that the Swedish Foreign Minister is implicated.

SEX ARRESTED IN LONDON.

LONDON, July 3.

The Press Bureau announces that Alfred Hagin, a Norwegian, has been arrested in London on a charge of espionage on behalf of Germany. The case is regarded as one of grave importance. Hagin will be dealt with by Court Martial.

THE POTATO RESTRICTIONS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 4.

Lord Blundell will abolish the potato restrictions for restaurants.

THE MESOPOTAMIA REPORT.

LORD HARDINGE'S DEFENCE.

LONDON, July 3.

In the House of Lords, Lord Hardinge expressed the opinion that the Mesopotamia Commission had not given sufficient prominence to the unexampled effort of India at the outset of the war, and to the generosity of her contributions of every kind, which had necessarily hampered her operations elsewhere. The Report had inadequately weighed the risks and preoccupation of the Indian Government in 1914 and 1915 in connection with internal and frontier affairs. India's military expenditure before the war exceeded the maximum fixed, and had increased, during the war, beyond a point which his financial advisers considered safe.

The Government of India had strongly opposed the advance to Bagdad without reinforcements, but the maintenance of their veto had not been justifiable in view of the obvious political advantages and expediency of the capture of Bagdad; also, in view of strong pressure from Home, and the unanimity of military opinion in favour of the advance. The inadequacy of the river transport was only revealed when it was too late to make it good, although everything possible was done to remedy it. The local military authority did not raise this as an objection to the advance. Regarding the "medical breakdown," which had caused him the deepest pain and sorrow, he confessed that he had been completely deceived by misleading reports from the front, but the moment he knew the truth he made every effort to remedy this.

DUTCH POTATOES.

FURTHER DEMONSTRATIONS.

AMSTERDAM, July 3.

There has been another potato demonstration. Windows were broken and potato storehouses and a jewellery shop were plundered. Mounted police fired in the air and the demonstrators dispersed on a promise being made that the Minister of the Interior would receive a deputation.

ARGENTINE STEAMER SUNK.

LONDON, July 3.

It is officially learned that the Argentine steamer *Toro* was sunk by gun-fire in the Atlantic, outside the German war zone, on June 22. Evidence of the steamer's nationality was demonstrated to the commander of the submarine prior to the sinking. The cargo consisted of wool, destined for Switzerland.

A French steamer picked up fourteen of the crew in a life-boat. The Captain and the remainder of the crew were landed at a port on the 2nd inst.

PROPOSED ALLIED CONFERENCE ON PEACE TERMS.

LONDON, July 3.

In the House of Commons, Lord Robert Cecil stated that communications were proceeding between Great Britain and Russia regarding the proposed Conference of the Allies on peace terms.

HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

WINDING UP GALLOPS.

Interest is increasing daily in the Gymkhana Meeting to be held next Saturday afternoon, and those best able to judge are of opinion that the sport provided will be as good as ever and the racing both keen and close. Yesterday and to-day the ponies which will compete were given their winding up gallops, the times of which are appended:—

WEDNESDAY, JULY 4th.
TOWNS MOOSE, Sedgwick, 1 mile, 39.3, 1.13.3, 1.50.4, 2.24.2; last 1.33.3.
ANTICIPATION, Kremer, 1 mile, 44, 1.27.2, 2.00.3, 2.43; last 1.38.2.
TITTLE MOOSE, Adams, 1 mile, 35, 1.11.2, 1.48, 2.21; last 1.35.
AUSTRALIAN CHIEF, Seth, 1 mile, 39, 1.09.2, 1.41.3; last 1.32.1.
MAGIE DAMELA, Seth, and CHOICE DAMELA, boy, 1 mile, 39.1, 1.04.3; last 1.11.2.
THURSDAY, JULY 5th.
JAG, boy, 1 mile, 39, 1.14, 1.40; last 1.35.
SIXOLA, boy, 1 mile, 30, 1.12, 1.45.2; last 1.32.2.
CAPZOW'S WAIL, Gegg, 1 mile, 38.2, 1.14, 1.47.2; last 1.32.2.
KNOX DICK, boy, 1 mile, —, 1.08.2.
OAK BAY, boy, 1 mile, 38.2, 1.09.2, 1.42.2; last 1.33.
PUGHEDFIELD, Seth, 1 mile, 88.2, 1.16.2, 1.47.2; last 1.32.
HISN, HUSS, Sutton (1), and COTTELANDS, Barton (2), 1 mile, 97, 1.10.2, 1.48.1; last 1.32.4.
MAGIE DAMELA, Seth, 1 mile, 41, 1.19, 1.55.2, 2.29; last 1.33.3.
NEW ARLY, Barton (1), and BEN BOLT, boy (2), 1 mile, 64.2, 1.07.2, 1.42.1; last 1.34.4.
CHOICE DAMELA, boy, 1 mile, 41, 1.19, 1.55.2, 2.00; last 1.34.2.
BET, Barton, 1 mile, 60.8, 1.13.4, 1.47.1; last 1.33.0.
WHIPPEN IN, boy, 1 mile, 37.1, 1.09.1; last 1.32.

PRISONERS IN GERMANY.

CRITICISM OF THE GOVERNMENT'S POLICY.

In the House of Commons last month, Lord H. Cavendish-Bentinck raised the question of efforts to secure the release of civilian and military prisoners in the hands of the Germans. At Huhleben there were forty to sixty people sleeping in a horse-box, and ninety in a long, low loft. Many were losing their eyesight, and a great many were losing their health, and a large proportion were suffering from nervous breakdown, while some had actually gone out of their minds. But for the sympathy of the Government these people never need have been at Huhleben at all. Could it not be arranged that these prisoners should be sent to some neutral country? He could not help feeling that objections of neutral countries could be smoothed away.

Mr. Jefferies-Hicks supported the plea put forward by Lord H. Cavendish-Bentinck. In this matter Lord Newton was not the right man in the right place. He had not the feeling with regard to Germany that they would wish to see in a man who had to deal with the question of our prisoners. Lord H. Cecil said it was a mistake that a decision on this matter should rest with naval and military opinion. It was not enough when considerations of humanity arose to answer that military considerations would not allow it. When he thought of the terrible position of these prisoners he had no patience to listen to dry official answers, which did not seem to indicate that any real effort was being made to bring about their release. He hoped that after the war there would be a strict inquiry into this as well as into many other matters. Every official concerned should be required to justify himself against the charge of having been inhumanly indifferent to this matter, and if they were not able to do so, they should receive the punishment due to those who had shown themselves indifferent to the claims of humanity.

DIFFICULT AND PAINFUL QUESTION.

Mr. J. F. Hope said this question was as difficult as it was painful. It was impossible to contemplate not only without concern but without horror the state of very many of our fellow-countrymen who had been in captivity in Germany for more than 24 years. The main difficulty was the attitude of the German Government refusing to have anything to say to a man-for-man exchange. The German Government would only consent to a block or wholesale exchange. There were now in Germany 3,800 British civilian prisoners. In England there were 22,000 German civilian prisoners interned, and there were 7,000 more German civilian prisoners in other parts of the Empire. Even on the assumption that one-third of these prisoners on both sides did not desire to be repatriated on a block exchange, there would be a balance in favour of Germany of over 20,000 men, equal to more than a whole British division of whom comparatively few could not do useful auxiliary national service behind the lines. He held out no hope that any general block exchange of civilian prisoners on both sides could be entertained.

There had been a scheme of repatriation of invalided civilians, under which 650 had been repatriated. If that scheme could be carried further we stood to get 400 or 700 more. But here again the attitude of the German Government was discouraging. Lord Newton, however, was urging that every opportunity should be taken to see that the scheme was not discarded. The Government saw no objection to extending the neutral internment system to civilian prisoners, and if any success came of the new proposal as to military prisoners they would endeavour to extend the new arrangement to meet the most pressing cases among civilians.

A QUININE SCANDAL.

A Batavia wire of June 14 says: The *Nieuw Oer* declares that it is not generally known that the Bandoeng quinine manufactory, which, in recent years, has made enormous war profits, has had the impudence to raise the price of its products (sulphate and muriate of quinine) by from 60 to 70 per cent. This is of great public importance. It will be remembered that the prices of quinine were raised twice the first time in 1911, and the second time in 1913. There was a reason for this increase, owing to the higher price of the bark used in the amalgamation of the planters. To-day's increase in price is utterly unreasonable. The raw material has not become dearer. There has been no export of bark and, as a consequence, the stores are glutted full. The Government would be well advised to act energetically on behalf of the public, either by prohibiting the export of quinine, or by fixing a maximum price for it. The *laisssez faire* laissez aller way of doing things has caused much civilian suffering, and its existence in these war-days, but when this absurdity is laid its hands on an absolutely indispensable remedy and one which is there in superabundance, it is time to act and to act forcibly.

THE SHANGHAI TRAMWAYS.

REPORT FOR 1916.

The accounts of the Shanghai Electric Construction Co., Ltd., for last year show a profit of £48,123, which compares with £31,034 for the year 1915. The Directors recommend a final dividend of 6 per cent, making 10 per cent for the year. It is mentioned in the Report that the loss by exchange on subsidiary coinage in 1916 was £236,700, the 3d. equal to 12.11 per cent on the capital of the Company.

The Report also states that the service of the electric cars continues to be operated successfully on a route approximately one mile in length. The General Manager is of opinion that a considerable expansion of the Company's business can be brought about by extending the length of route operated by this form of traction, and an application has been made to the Municipal Council for the necessary powers, which may be exercised when conditions as regards charges for the cost of construction are less exceptional than at present.

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The sale commences on TUESDAY, the 3rd of July.

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JAPANESE BUILDING 189 NEW STEAMERS.

BRITISH POWERS TO CHECK SEDITION IN CHINA.

A new Order-in-Council has just been promulgated Article II. of which reads:—

"Where in the opinion of the Minister there are reasonable grounds for believing that any British subject has acted, is acting or is about to act in a manner prejudicial to the public safety, or to the defence, peace, or security of His Majesty's dominions or of any part of them, the Minister may by order in writing direct that such person—

(a) shall not enter, reside or remain in any area specified in the order;

(b) shall reside or remain in any area specified in the order;

(c) shall conduct himself in such manner, or abstain from such acts, or take such order with any property in his possession or under his control, as may be specified in such order;

(d) shall be detained in custody for such place as may be specified in the order; and the person so detained shall be deemed for all purposes to be in legal custody."

Penalties are provided for disobedience of orders made under this provision.

The first instances of persons having orders of deportation made against them under the new Order-in-Council, came before H.M. Supreme Court at Shanghai last week when a number of Indians were ordered to be sent back to India.

POLICE SCHOOL EXAMINATION.

Friday, July 6th.—Classes 12, 14 and 15, at Queen's College, at 5.45 p.m. Class 12 will not be examined.

(Sgd.) J. W. FRANKS, Acting D.S.P. (R.)

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

Police School Examination.

Friday, July 6th.—Classes 12, 14 and 15, at Queen's College, at 5.45 p.m. Class 12 will not be examined.

(Sgd.) J. W. FRANKS, Acting D.S.P. (R.)

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North American Line: For VICTORIA, SEATTLE AND TACOMA, via SHANGHAI, MANILA, NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA. Leaving July 10, at 10 a.m. "CANADA MARU" Leaving July 10, at 10 a.m.

FORMOSAN LINE:—For Tamsui, Keelung, Aiping and Takao, via Swatow and Amoy. "SOSU MARU" Thursday, 5th July, at 9 a.m. "AMARUSA MARU" Sunday, 8th July, at 10 a.m. Calling at Tamsui, Keelung via Swatow and Amoy. Omitting Tamsui and Keelung.

These Formosan Liners will arrive at and depart from the SOON YIP WHARF, near the Harbour Office and while the steamer is alongside the wharf Telephone No. 78 will be fixed.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE:—Every three months steamers proceed to Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Buenos Aires, via Singapore, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town.

AUSTRALIAN LINE:—Monthly service between Japan and Adelaide, calling at Auckland, N.Z., Sydney and Melbourne.

BOMBAY LINE:—Fortnightly service for Bombay calling at Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang and Colombo. At present this line's steamers take cargo only.

JAVA LINE:—Monthly service for Java ports calling at Manila, Sandakan and Macassar. Booking for passengers and cargo to these ports.

FOR SAILING DATES AND FURTHER PARTICULARS

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Next sailings for SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.

STEAMERS	DISPLACEMENT	DATE
"WILHELM"	8,000 tons	8th July.
"REINER"	10,000 tons	18th July.
"GOETTER"	10,000 tons	1st August.
"KINDJANI"	8,000 tons	12th August.
"YONDEL"	10,000 tons	28th September.

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C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
PAK HOI & HAIPHONG	KAIFONG	July 7, at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI	ANNU	July 8, Daylight
SHANGHAI	SUNING	July 10, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	SHANTUNG	July 12, at 4 p.m.
WEIHAWEI & TIENSIN	KUICHO	July 13, at Noon
SHANGHAI	YINGCHOW	July 15, Daylight

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INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

For	STEAMERS	To SAIL
HAIPHONG	LOKSANG	FRIDAY, July 6, at 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI via FOCHOW	WOSANG	SATURDAY, July 7, Daylight
MANILA	LOONGSANG	SATURDAY, July 7, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	YUSANG	SUNDAY, July 8, Daylight
MANILA	YUESANG	SATURDAY, July 14, at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE:—Three sailings per month from Hongkong to Calcutta calling at Singapore and Penang. Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed to Kobe and Moji, frequently calling at Shanghai.

These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with electric light and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE:—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai.

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MANILA LINE:—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Saturday.

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BORNEO LINE:—Two sailings per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by steamers having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.

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TIENSIN LINE:—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tiensin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

Under Straits Government Passport Regulations. All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits settlement, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

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HAIPHONG	Capt. J. W. Evans	FRIDAY, 8th July at 12 Noon.
HAIPHONG	Capt. A. E. Hodgins	FRIDAY, 14th July at 12 Noon.

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Storage charges will be assessed on all Cargo remaining undelivered on SATURDAY, 7th July, at 3 p.m.

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No Claims will be recognised after the Goods have left the Steamer or Godown. All chafed and damaged Cargo will be landed into the Company's Godown, where they will be examined on 11th July at 10 a.m.

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DESTINATION.	STEAMERS	SAILING DATE.
VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE via KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU & YOKOHAMA	SINABA MARU, Capt. Higo, Tons 12,500	MONDAY, 16th July, at Noon.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	YOKOHAMA MARU, Capt. Terada, Tons 12,500	WEDNESDAY, 1st August, at Noon.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	SAKI MARU, Capt. Yachikawa, Tons 12,500	FRIDAY, 13th July, at 11 a.m.
	SATSUTA MARU, Capt. Hano, Tons 16,000	SATURDAY, 14th July, at 11 a.m.
	HITACHI MARU, Capt. Tominga, Tons 13,500	WEDNESDAY, 18th July, at 11 a.m.
	KIYO MARU, Capt. Takano, Tons 12,500	TUESDAY, 24th July, at 11 a.m.
	CEYLON MARU, Capt. Toki, Tons 10,000	SATURDAY, 14th July.
KOBE	JINSEN MARU, Capt. Nagaya, Tons 8,000	TUESDAY, 10th July.

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Hongkong, July 4, 1917. 1917

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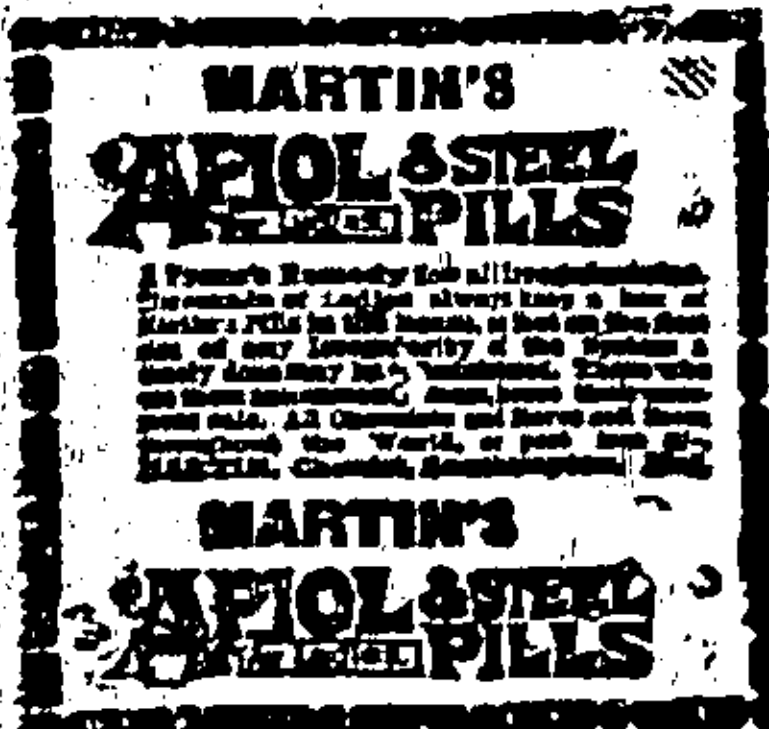
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HOUSES in Broadwood and Moreton Terraces.
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HOUSES TO LET. Wong-nai-chong Road.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.
IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1914, £23,970,367.
I—Authorized Capital £6,000,000
Subscribed Capital £2,400,000
Paid-up Capital £2,437,500
II—Reserve Funds—£3,837,047
III—Life & Annuity Funds—£17,567,590
Sinking Fund Account—£28,230
£23,970,367
Revenue Fire Branch—£2,381,466
Life and Annuity—£1,411,593
Branches—
Revenue Marine Department—£37,230
Other Receipts—£78,940
£25,339,228
The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
Agents.



'CHINA MAIL' OVERLAND EDITION.

THE BEST WEEKLY NEWS-PAPER FOR ALL INTERESTED IN HONGKONG AND CHINA GENERALLY.

ORDER IT BEFORE GOING HOME: AND THEN KEEP IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH THE COLONY.

HONGKONG REGISTER.

Parameter	29.65	29.60	29.55
Barometer	29.65	29.60	29.55
Thermometer	88	79	88
Humidity	55	89	67
Wind	SW	SW	SW
Force	4	2	3
Direction	SW	SW	SW
Clouds	0.00	0.00	0.00

Published by the 'China Mail' Press, Ltd., at the 'China Mail' Press, Ltd., 11, Des Vaux Road, Hongkong.
T. F. CLARK, Director.
Hongkong, July 5, 1917.

JUST ARRIVED "INDIAN" MOTORCYCLES ALL MODELS

Model	Price
2 1/2 H.P. Lightweight opposed Cylinders	\$500.00
5 " Little Twin	\$650.00
7-9 " Big Twin Powerplus	\$750.00
7-9 " Big Twin (Electric Model)	\$850.00

ALEX. ROSS & CO.,

4 DES VAUX ROAD, CENTRAL.

PATELL & CO. ORIENTAL PRODUCE EXPORTERS. SILK MERCHANTS. COMMISSION AGENTS.

Agencies in
NEW YORK.
SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.
Branches—
CANTON.
SHANGHAI.
YOKOHAMA.
BOMBAY.
HEAD OFFICE: KING'S BUILDINGS
HONGKONG

EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, July 5, 1917.

On London—	2/6 1/2
Bank Wire	2/6 1/2
On demand	2/6 1/2
30 days sight	2/6 1/2
60 days sight	2/6 1/2
90 days sight	2/6 1/2
On Paris—	340
On demand	340
On New York—	60 1/2
On demand	60 1/2
On Bombay—	108 1/2
On demand	108 1/2
On Calcutta—	112 1/2
On demand	112 1/2
On Shanghai—	112 1/2
On demand	112 1/2
On Yokohama—	112 1/2
On demand	112 1/2
Gold 100 fine (per oz.)	48
Sovereigns (Bank of England)	77.50
Silver (per oz.)	39 1/2
Bar Silver in Hongkong	2 1/2
Chinese Copper Cash	1 1/2
Chinese Copper Cents	1 1/2
Rate of Native Interest	7 1/2
Chinese Sub. Coin	4 1/2
Hongkong Sub. Coin	4 1/2

HONGKONG TIDES.

The tide-table given below has been compiled at the National Almanac Office in London from the result of the analysis of observations taken by means of an automatic tide-recording machine in the Water Police Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui during the years 1878-84.
The zero of the table corresponds with the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 4 feet 3 inches below mean sea level.
To obtain the depth of water on the tide gauge at the Victoria Naval Yard add 4 feet 4 inches, and on the gauge at Lamont Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet 4 inches to the height given in the table.

High Water	Low Water
Time	Time
July 5th to 11th, 1917.	
July 5th	July 5th
July 6th	July 6th
July 7th	July 7th
July 8th	July 8th
July 9th	July 9th
July 10th	July 10th
July 11th	July 11th

Temperature	Humidity
Time	Time
July 5th, 1917.	
Barometer	29.65
Thermometer	88
Humidity	55
Wind	SW
Force	4
Direction	SW
Clouds	0.00

CRAMP COLIC.
No need of suffering from cramps in the stomach, or intestinal pains, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy never fails to relieve the most severe cases. Get it today, there will be no time to send for it after the attack commences. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

ITCHING SMARTING ECZEMA ON HEAD

Spent Many Sleepless Nights. Hair Came Out Badly.

HEALED BY CUTICURA

"About two years ago I woke up one morning and found all behind my ears and to the crown of my head were smarting. I was told it was not serious. It was itching and smarting all the time and I spent many sleepless nights. My hair also came out very badly behind my ears. I saw an advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and I sent for a five sample and then bought two tablets of Soap and a box of Ointment. I was healed." (Signed) Mrs. Sarah A. Walker, 8, Preston St., Lower Ring, Lancs, Eng. July 20, 1915.

Sample Each Free by Post.

With 33-p. Skin Book. (Soap to cleanse and Ointment to heal). Address post-card for sample: F. Newbery & Sons, 27, Charterhouse Square, London. Sold everywhere.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

Particulars of outgoing and incoming Mails will not be advertised in future. The Post Office will forward all correspondences posted by the fastest routes.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Liberia, Portuguese East Africa, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS

OUTWARD.

For	Week-Days	SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS
Fai O	5.00 P.M.	
Tai Po	10.00 A.M.	9.30 A.M.
Cheung Chow	2.00 P.M.	
Shatankok, Sha Tin and Sheungshui	4.00 P.M.	
Aberdeen, Aitau, Ping Shan, Sai Kung, Santin, Stanley	4.30 P.M.	
Canton, Samui and Wuchow	7.30 A.M.	5.00 P.M.
Macao	7.15 A.M.	9.00 A.M.
Kongmoon	6.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Nam'au and Samui	5.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Shamchun	10.00 A.M.	9.00 A.M.

FROM SHEUNGWAN, WESTERN BRANCH P.O.

For	Week-Days	SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS
Macao	7.30 A.M.	8.30 A.M.
Canton	7.30 A.M.	8.30 A.M.
Tai Ping Tung	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Shek Ki	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Kongmoon	6.00 P.M.	6.00 P.M.
Kumchuk	6.00 P.M.	6.00 P.M.
Kaukay	6.00 P.M.	6.00 P.M.

THE 'CHINA MAIL'

NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.
All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.
Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.
Rate of subscription to 'China Mail' is \$36 per annum; per quarter and per month 'pro rata'.
The 'China Mail' is delivered free to subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.
Postage is charged at the rate of fifty cents per month.
Orders for extra copies of the 'China Mail' should be sent as soon as possible as the supply is limited. Cash 10c. Credit 30c. per copy.
Rate of subscription to the 'Overland China Mail' is \$12 per annum; postage \$1 per annum extra. Single copies twenty-five cents each.
Alterations and additions to advertisements on Page 2, 3, 5, and 7 should be sent to the 'China Mail' No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 A.M.
Alterations and additions to advertisements on pages 1, 4, 6 and 8 should be sent to the 'China Mail' No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 1 P.M.
New advertisements should be sent in before 5 P.M.
Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until cancelled.
Telephone: 'China Mail' Hongkong, Code: A. B. C. 22-23.
Telegrams: 'China Mail' Hongkong, Code: A. B. C. 22-23.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 5th at 11.45—No returns from N. China, Japan, or Indo-China. Pressure has decreased at all reporting stations. A depression appears to be central in the vicinity of Shanghai; an irregular area of low pressure is still indicated to the W. of Fratas Shoal.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 22.58 inches, against an average of 41.20 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 6th July—

1.—Hongkong to Gap Rock: S.W. winds, moderate to fresh; fair to cloudy; probably some rain later.

2.—Formosa Channel: The same as No. 1.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamock: The same as No. 1.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: The same as No. 1.

OFFICIAL NIGHTS IN JULY.

The following Table shows the Standard Time at which Official Night ends and begins during the month of July, 1917—

Date	Ends	Begins
July 5th	5.33 a.m.	7.21 p.m.
" 6th	5.33	7.21
" 7th	5.34	7.21
" 8th	5.34	7.21
" 9th	5.35	7.21
" 10th	5.35	7.21
" 11th	5.35	7.21
" 12th	5.36	7.21
" 13th	5.36	7.21
" 14th	5.36	7.21
" 15th	5.37	7.21
" 16th	5.37	7.21
" 17th	5.38	7.20
" 18th	5.38	7.20
" 19th	5.38	7.20
" 20th	5.39	7.19
" 21st	5.39	7.19
" 22nd	5.40	7.18
" 23rd	5.40	7.18
" 24th	5.40	7.18
" 25th	5.41	7.17
" 26th	5.41	7.17
" 27th	5.42	7.16
" 28th	5.43	7.16
" 29th	5.43	7.15
" 30th	5.43	7.15
" 31st	5.44	7.14

ROYAL OBSERVATORY

HONGKONG, DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

JULY 5, 1917.—A.M.

Station	Hour	Barometer at Sea Level	Temperature	Humidity	Direction	Force	Weather
Wai To	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Memuro	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Hakodate	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Tokyo	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Kobe	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Kagoshima	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Osaka	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Naha	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Ishijima	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Buenos Aires	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Wien	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
London	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Paris	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Bombay	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Calcutta	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Rangoon	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Canton	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Hongkong	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Macao	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Wuchow	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Shanghai	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Amoy	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Swatow	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Taihou	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Taipei	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Tientsin	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Peking	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Harbin	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Manchuria	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Legaspi	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Manila	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Baguio	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
San Francisco	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
San Pedro de Macoris	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
San Juan	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Sanchez	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Sancti Spiritus	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Sancti Spiritus	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b
Sancti Spiritus	5a	29.65	77	84	SW	2	b

T. F. CLARK, Director.

Hongkong Observatory, July 5, 1917.

1. BAROMETER, reduced to 29.65 degrees Fahrenheit, on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.

2. TEMPERATURE, in shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.

3. HUMIDITY, in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.

4. DIRECTION or WIND, to two points.

5. FORCE or WIND, according to Beaufort Scale.

6. STATE of WEATHER, b. blue sky, c. detached clouds, d. drizzling rain, f. fog, g. gloomy, h. hail, i. lightning, n. rain, p. shower, s. snow, t. thunder, v. visibility, w. dew, x. drizzle.

7. RAIN, in inches, tenths and hundredths.

8. STATE of SKY, according to Beaufort Scale.

9. STATE of SKY, according to Beaufort Scale.

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